

# United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/733,925	12/12/2000	Hiroyasu Yamamoto	2000-1665A	3789	
7	590 12/16/2004	EXAMINER			
WENDEROT	H, LIND & PONACK	ARANI, TAGHI T			
Suite 800 2033 K Street, N.W.			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
Washington, DC 20006			2131		
		,	DATE MAILED: 12/16/2004	4	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/733,925	YAMAMOTO ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
·	Taghi T. Arani, Ph.D.	2131
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a r  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory peri - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stat Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the ma earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tile reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day od will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from tute, cause the application to become ABANDONE	mely filed ys will be considered timely. In the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12	2 December 2000.	
,	his action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice unde		
Disposition of Claims		
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-11 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withd 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-11 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	rawn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exami	iner.	
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ a	ccepted or b) objected to by the	Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	he drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corr	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for forei a) □ All b) □ Some * c) □ None of:  1. □ Certified copies of the priority docume 2. □ Certified copies of the priority docume 3. □ Copies of the certified copies of the priority docume application from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a life	ents have been received. ents have been received in Applicat riority documents have been receiv eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s)	—	
1) Motice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Motice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) 🔲 Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D	
Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/C Paper No(s)/Mail Date		Patent Application (PTO-152)

Art Unit: 2131

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

Claims 1-11 are pending for Examination.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1, 2-3, 4 and 6-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Weiss, U.S. Patent No. 5,485,519 issued January 1996.

As per claim 1, Weiss teaches an encryption display card characterized by comprising: a main body (9) of a thin plate [Fig. 2A, col. 7, lines 47-63];

mode switching means (2) for switching between two modes [Fig. 2A element S, see also col. 9, line 60, i.e. a special key operated as a mode switching means] including an encryption registration [col. 7, lines 50-52, i.e. circuit 42 (Fig. 2B) including encryption and decryption processes] mode and an encryption search mode;

label input means (7) for accepting an input of label

data [Fig.1, 18A, i.e. character input device for inputting a PIN, col. 8, lines 24-26];

encryption generating means (22) for, upon input of the label data through said label input means in the encryption registration mode, generating a random encryption for a label equivalent to the label data [col. 8, lines 127-41, i.e. generating a private key or multibit token secret code];

encryption storage means (3) for storing the encryption generated by said encryption generating means in a one-to one correspondence with the label [ col. 9, lines 30-32, Fig. 2B element 46]; and

display means (6) for [col. 7, lines 42-43], upon input of the label data through said label

Art Unit: 2131

input means in the encryption search mode, displaying the encryption corresponding to the label equivalent to the label data with reference to said encryption storage means [col. 9, lines 9, lines 53 through col. 10, line 6, i.e. reproducing the private key or multibit token secret code(i.e. an encryption) by inputting PIN (i.e. label data) and employing a special key (for search mode)].

As per claim 2, Weiss teaches an encryption display card characterized by comprising: a main body (9) of a thin plate [Fig. 2A, col. 7, lines 47-63];

mode switching means (2) for switching between two modes [Fig. 2A element S, see also col. 9, line 60, i.e. a special key operated as a mode switching means] including an encryption registration [col. 7, lines 50-52, i.e. circuit 42 (Fig. 2B) including encryption and decryption processes] mode and an encryption search mode;

label input means (7) for accepting an input of label

data [Fig.1, 18A, i.e. character input device for inputting a PIN, col. 8, lines 24-26];

digit number specifying means (7) for accepting a specific digit number of an encryption[col. 8, lines 62-67];

encryption generating means (22) for, when the digit number of an encryption is specified through said digit number specifying means upon input of the label data through said label input means in the encryption registration mode, generating a random encryption of a specified digit number for a label equivalent to the label data; [ col. 8, lines 127-41, i.e. generating a private key or multibit token secret code, col. 8, lines 62-67, i.e. an encryption when the digit number is specified ];

encryption storage means (3) for storing the encryption generated by said encryption generating means in a one-to one correspondence with the label [ col. 9, lines 30-32, Fig. 2B

Art Unit: 2131

element 46]; and

display means (6) for [col. 7, lines 42-43], upon input of the label data through said label input means in the encryption search mode, displaying the encryption corresponding to the label equivalent to the label data with reference to said encryption storage means [col. 9, lines 9, lines 53 through col. 10, line 6, i.e. reproducing the private key or multibit token secret code(i.e. an encryption) by inputting PIN (i.e. label data) and employing a special key (for search mode)].

As per claims 3 and 6, Weiss teaches the encryption display card according to claims 1 and 2 respectively, wherein said encryption storage means (3) is capable of storing more than one encryption [ col. 7, lines 22-31, i.e. situations where two tokens are required in order to gain access to processor ..... in order to encrypt or decrypt data for use with processor].

As per claims 4,7 and 8, Weiss teaches the encryption display card according to claims 1 and 2 respectively, wherein said encryption generating means (22)generates a random encryption by using a natural random number or a pseudo-random number [ col. 8, lines 29-41, i.e. ORing the PIN or secret code with selected bits of private key (i.e. pseudo-random number, see also col. 0, lines 19-29].

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Art Unit: 2131

Claims 5,9,10 and 11 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Weiss as applied to claims 1, 2,3 and 4 above and further in view of WO 97/20265 (Casio Computer Co., LTD.), published June 5, 1997.

Weiss discloses a secret device code or codes (col. 13, lines 23-25i.e. password) to generate the private key (i.e. an encryption). Weiss uses PIN (i.e. personal identification) in every and all use of the encryption device but fails to teach the encryption display card according to claims 1, 2, and 4 respectively, further comprising:

However, WO 97/20265 of Casio computer discloses the above recited features in claims 5, 9, 10 and 11 [ see Page 8, line 9 through page 14, line 5, password registration process, see also Fig 6, S3-S13, see also element S3 (for F=1, i.e. when display device is used a first time, see also Fig. 6 element S21-S22, i.e. enabling operation thereafter only if input operation enable password data (i.e. collation key) coincides with the operation enabled (i.e. registered) password stored].

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the operation enable password data taught by WO 97/20265 in Weiss's

Art Unit: 2131

smart card to assure that Weiss's smart card is being utilized by authorized users and further to provide a password easy for particular users to memorize but difficult for others to understand, page 2, lines 2-7 (WO 97/20265)].

Prior art made of record, not relied upon.

US 4,453074 is directed to a protection system for intelligent cards having password protected through encryption.

US 4, 614,861 discloses a unitary, self-contained card which does not require interaction with fixed terminal device to prevent monitoring of confidential information contained within the card.

US 4,697,072 is directed to an identification card and an authentication system.

US 5, 657,388 discloses a method and apparatus for utilizing a token which to provide secure access by authorized users to a selected resource by storing a secret user code in machine readable form.

US 5,180,902 teaches a self verifying transaction card having a self contained keyboard for entering personal information code and a simplified verification display.

US 5,928,364 is directed to a secret data storage device capable of setting password data which is easy for specific user to memorize but it is difficult for others to understand.

US 6,163,71 relates to a device for facilitating financial account transactions which includes a processing unit including a cryptographic processor.

US 6,567,915 is directed to an integrated circuit device for authenticating identities and authorizing transactions.

US 6,636,973 discusses secure and dynamic biometric-based token used in a computer network for access control and authentication.

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Taghi T. Arani whose telephone number is (703)305-4274. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00-5:30 Mon-Fri.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ayaz Sheikh can be reached on (703) 305-9648. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Taghi T. Arani, Ph.D. Examiner
Art Unit 2131

\*\*\*

AYAZ SHEIKH

PERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

TO COURT OF CENTER 2100